



University of  
Chester



Scientists  
for cycling

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# Science, Technology and Policy for Cycling: the role of academic research

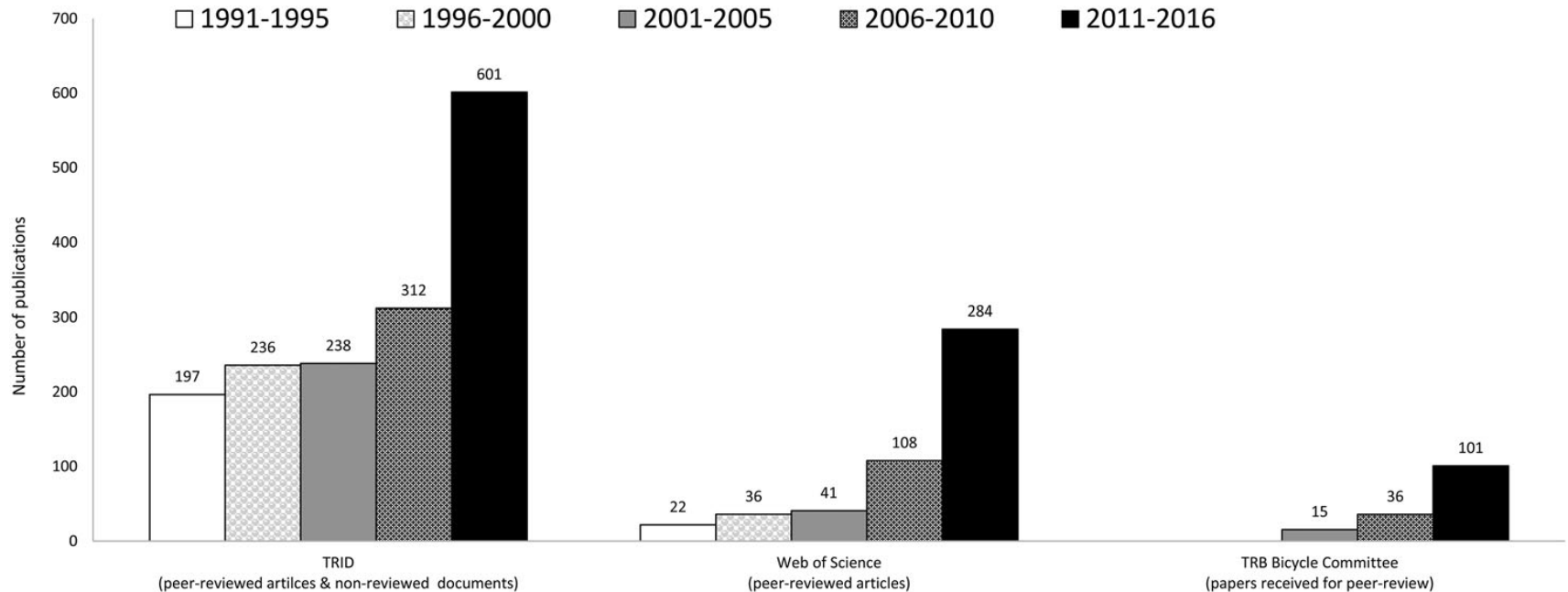
*University of Bologna 8/5/2019*

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# Academic research on cycling

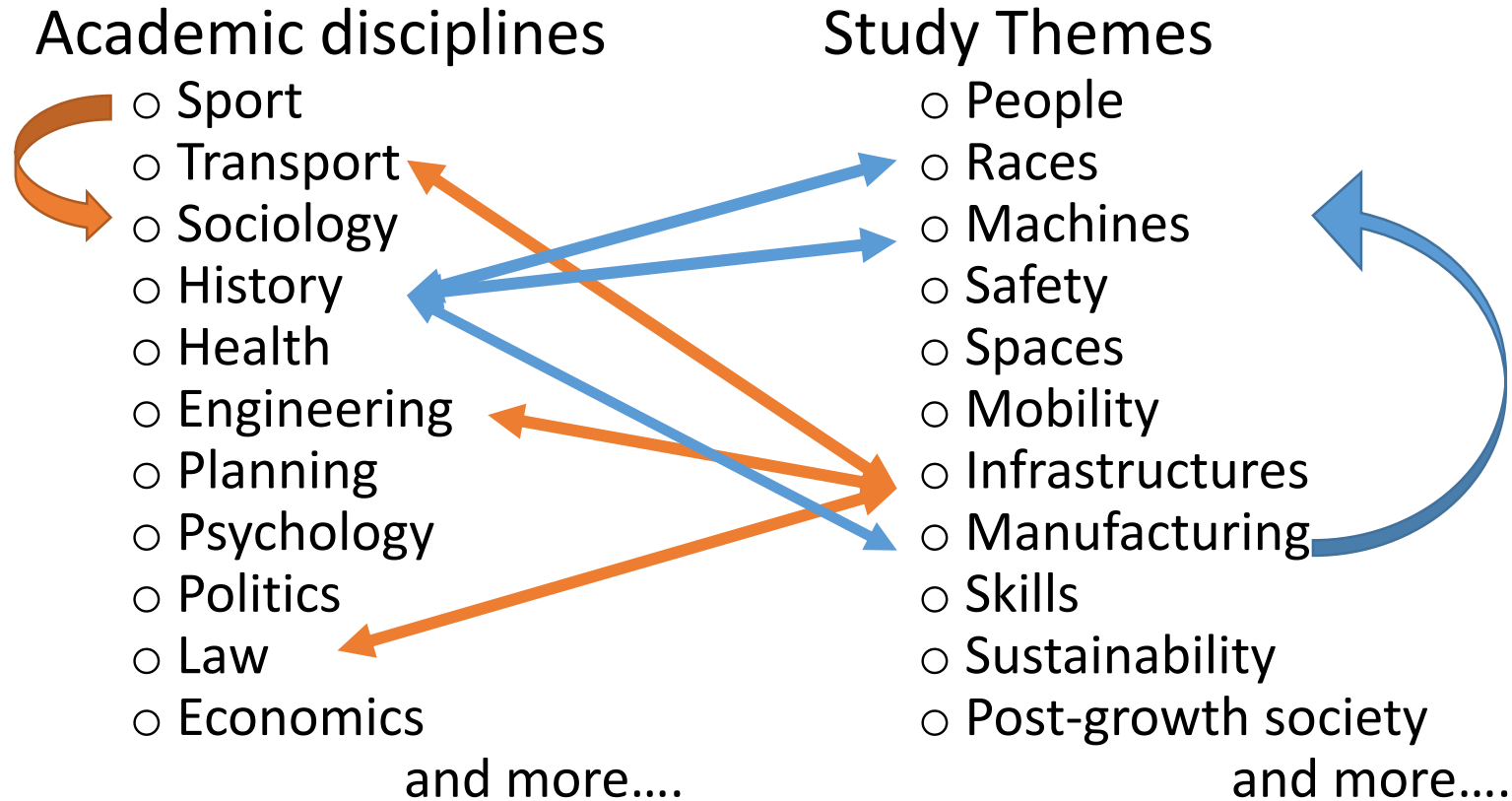


Source: Pucher & Ralph Buehler (2017) Cycling towards a more sustainable transport future, *Transport Reviews*, 37:6, 689-694, DOI: 10.1080/01441647.2017.1340234

# Building slowly...

- 1980 first International Cycling History Conference
- 2004 first Cycling and Society Symposium
- 2010 Scientists for Cycling network
- 2018 Cycling Research Network meeting
- Additional forums in Velo-City conferences and in Transport Research subgroups.

# Cross-disciplinary and interdisciplinary diversity at SfC



# Motives for research

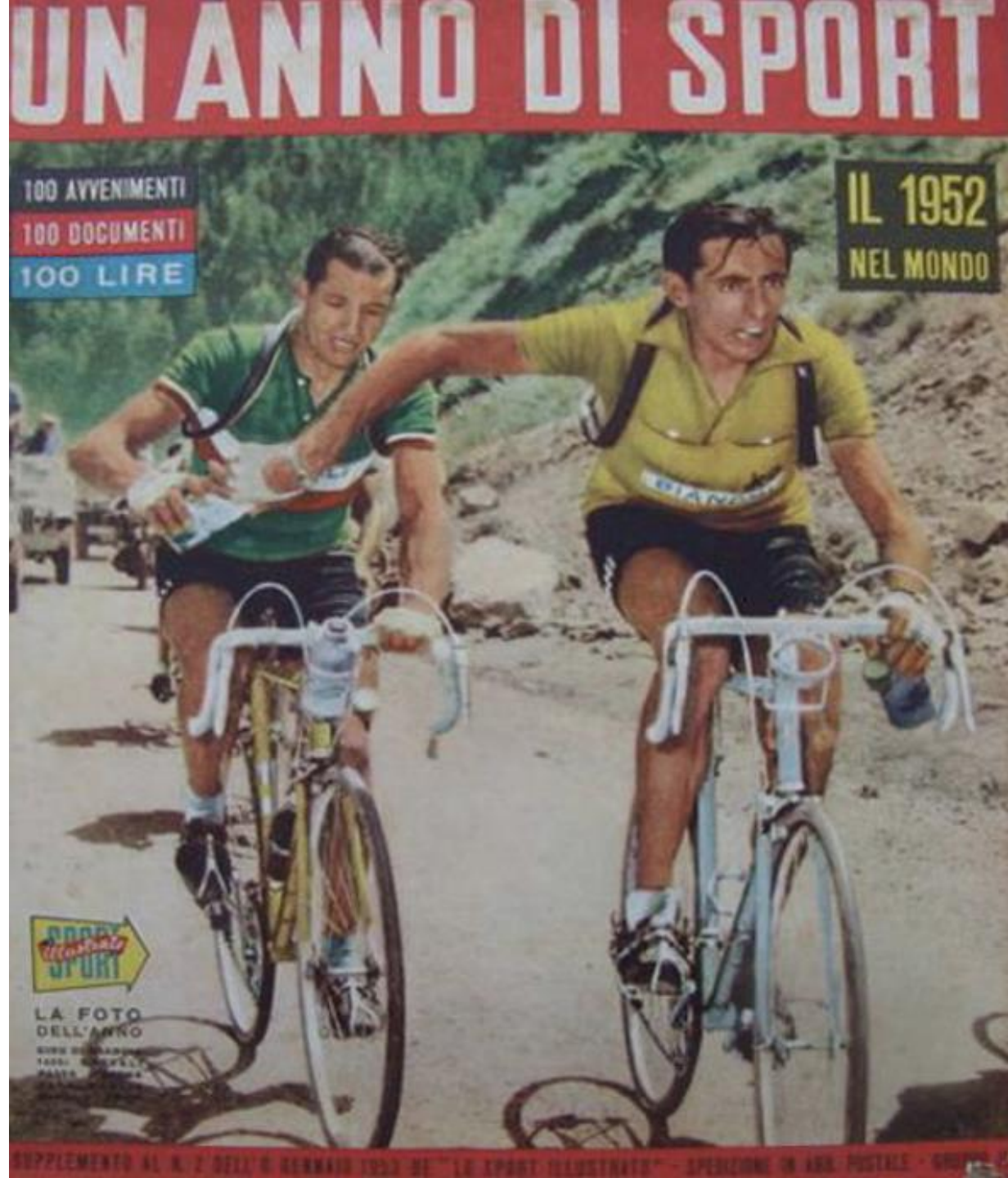
- Unexamined desire for more cycling?
- Desire to promote cycling not wrong, but needs to be separated from research
- Proliferation of studies on **behaviour change**, making cycling safer, more attractive, extolling the health and environmental benefits, demonstrating the economic benefits
  - “Where does research blur with advocacy?”
- Desire for relevance can distort research agenda
- **Even more important for advocates is academic work that might not be about cycling**

# Weaknesses in cycling research (and how to solve them)

- Over obsession with instrumentalism -
  - Imagines that research and more knowledge can produce change
- Knowledge alone does not change things
  - Evidence is vital but not decisive
- Not just a technical problem: emotions, passion and imagination are required

# Cycling...

excites passions,  
dreams and  
aspirations,  
creates heroes and  
villains



# Balancing the arts and the sciences

Technical  
knowledge  
sits alongside  
beauty,  
creativity,  
hospitality,  
inclusion and  
justice





# “Senses Matter”

- The experiential dimension (affect) is crucial for the understanding of the desirability of practices
- Design needs to ask not only ‘what works’ but also ‘what makes us feel welcome’ or ‘feel loved’
- Does our policy make us only feel ‘worthy’ or ‘tolerated’ and how do these experiences connect with the experiences of other modes of travel?
- This is not only about hard infrastructure of vehicles and spaces, but the sundries e.g. signage, connection.
- What sensory environments are we working through?
- Whose experience matters?

# Science, Technology and Policy for Cycling

- Think about the assumptions hidden in the word “cycling”
- Cycling is a complex construction (not a thing)
- Cycling as social practice comprises
  - technologies,
  - competencies
  - meanings
- Every rider (“cyclist”) is an assemblage of machine, person and environment engaged in a performance shaped by social, political, economic and historical forces



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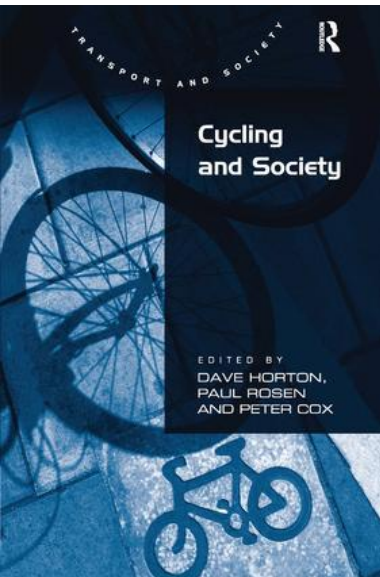
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Thankyou

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Scientists for Cycling

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**MOVING  
PEOPLE**  
Sustainable Transport Development

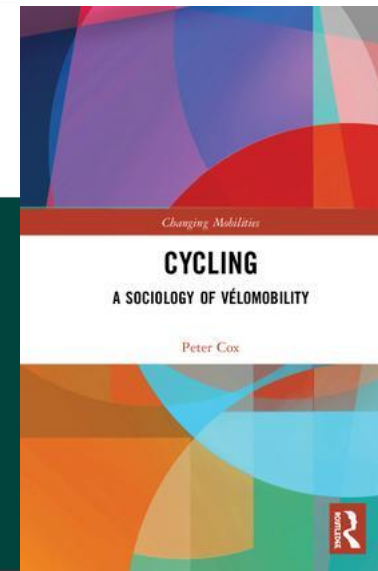


PETER COX

*Cycling  
Cultures*



*Edited by Peter Cox*



**THE POLITICS  
OF CYCLING  
INFRASTRUCTURE**

SPACES AND (IN)EQUALITY

Edited by Till Koglin and Peter Cox